

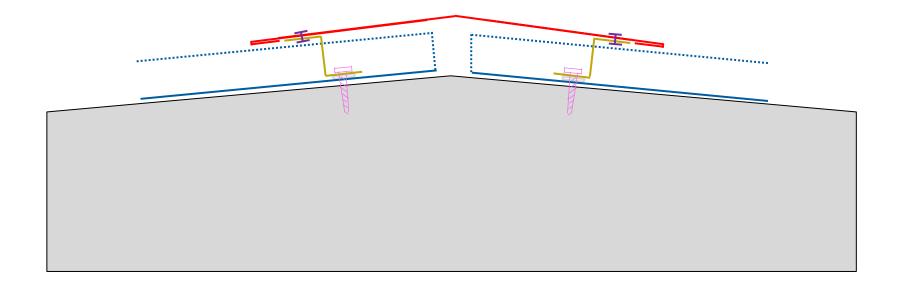
Standing Seam Trim Details

A brief guide to the various trims used for standing seam metal roofing, as well as how they are installed.

This guide is does not cover some aspects of installation. See our installation guide for more info. Butyl Sealant tape or Tube Sealant should be used under all Z-Channel.

Ridge Trim Details for Standing Seam





<u>Ridge Option 1</u> (Closed Ridge)

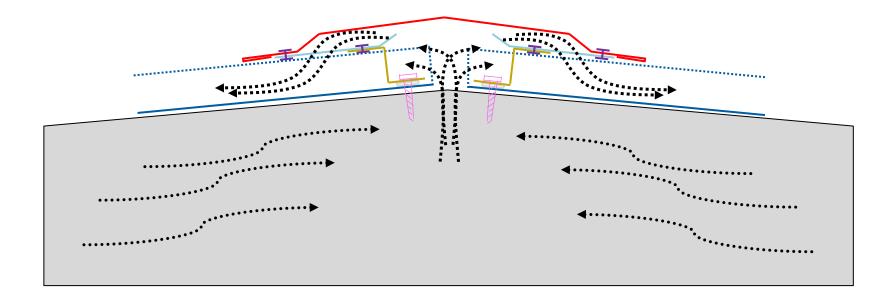
Color Explanations:

Panel Ridge Cap Z-Channel
Pancake Head Screw Pop Rivet

Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

Subtract 2" from panel lengths.

Panel goes down first, then the z-channel, and finally the Ridge Cap.



<u>Ridge Option 2</u> (Vented Ridge)

Color Explanations:

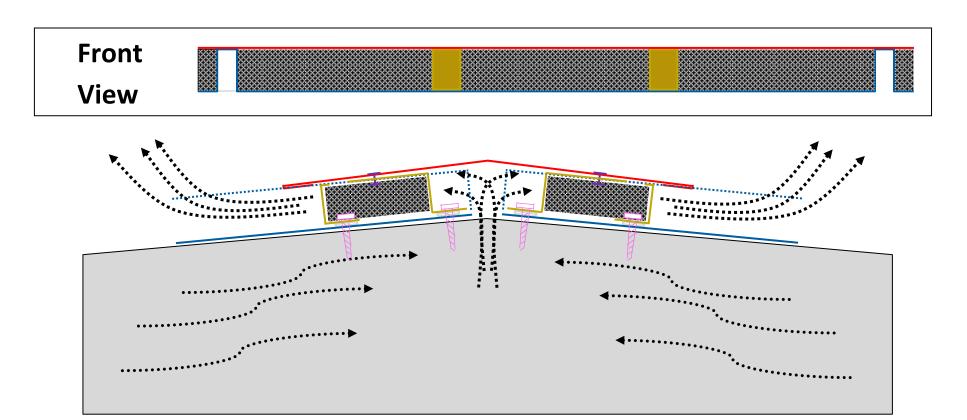
Panel 13" Ridge Cap Perforated Vent Drip

Z-Channel Pancake Head Screw

Pop Rivet Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

Subtract 2" from panel lengths.

Panel goes down first, then the z-channel, then the perforated vent drip (allows for venting) and finally the Ridge Cap.



<u>Ridge Option 3</u> (Vented Ridge)

Color Explanations:

Panel Ridge Cap Profile Vent Material

Vent Anchor Clip Pancake Head Screw

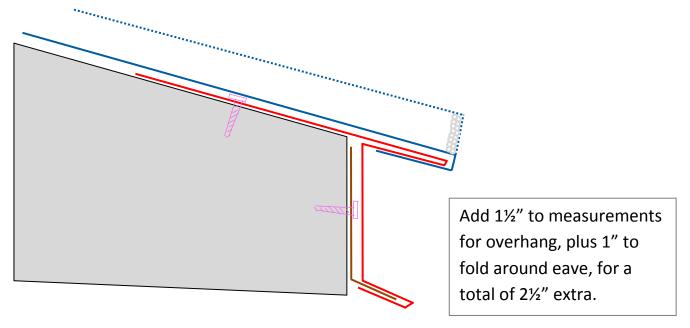
Pop Rivet Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

Subtract 2" from panel lengths.

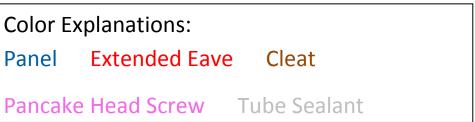
Panel goes down first, then the anchor clip, then the profile vent material, and finally the Ridge Cap.

Eave Trim Details for Standing Seam

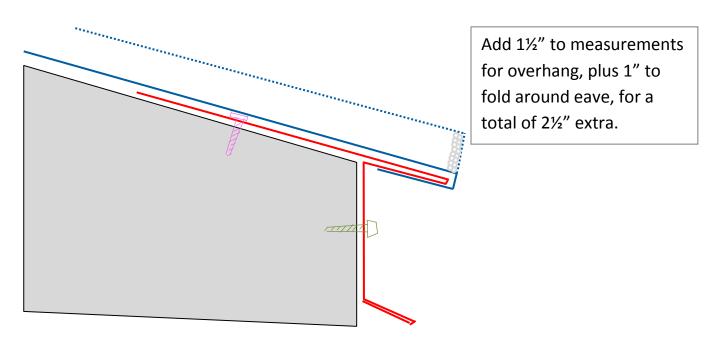




Eave Option 1 (Hem around Eave)



Cleat is installed, then extended eave is hooked over cleat, and finally the Panel ribs are cut off, and the flat part is hemmed around the extended eave trim.



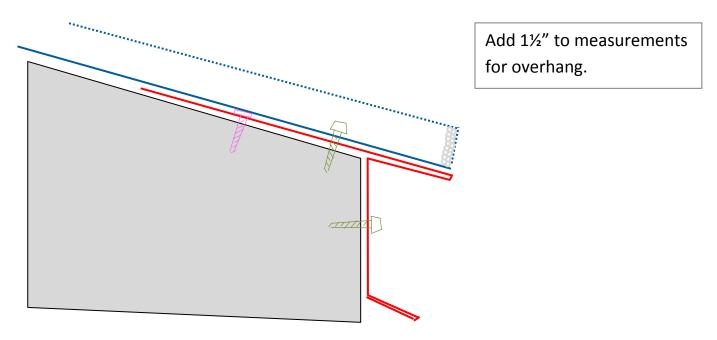
Eave Option 2 (Screw Down Eave)

Color Explanations:

Panel Extended Eave Colored Screw

Pancake Head Screw Tube Sealant

Extended eave is screwed down, and finally the Panel ribs are cut off, and the flat part is hemmed around the extended eave trim.



Eave Option 3 (Screw Down Panel

<u>And Eave)</u>

Color Explanations:

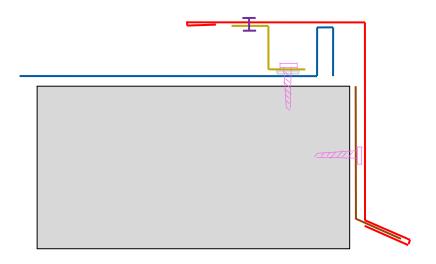
Panel Extended Eave Colored Screw

Pancake Head Screw Tube Sealant

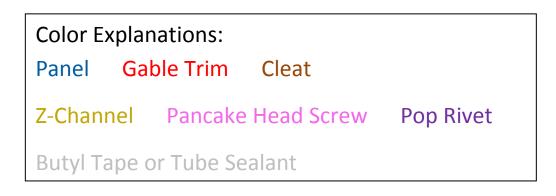
Extended eave is screwed down, panels are put down, and then a colored screw is installed at the eave.

Gable Trim Details for Standing Seam

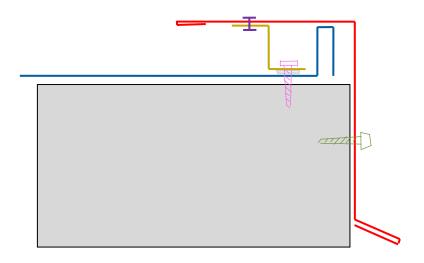




<u>Gable Option 1</u> (Using Cleat)



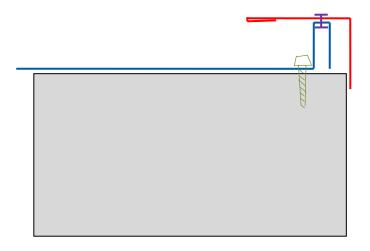
Panel goes down first, then the z-channel, and then the cleat, and finally the gable trim. (Also known as rake trim)



<u>Gable Option 2</u> (No Cleat)



Panel goes down first, and then the z-channel, and finally the gable trim. (Also known as rake trim)

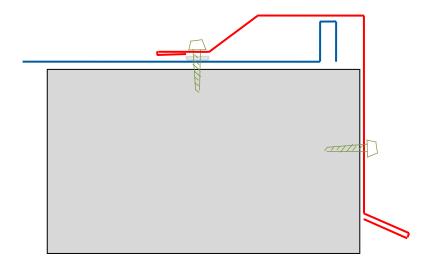


<u>Gable Option 3</u> (<u>Using Small Gable</u>)

Color Explanations:

Panel Custom Gable Trim Colored Screw

Panel goes down first, then the gable trim. You could also use a z-channel with this custom gable.



Gable Option 4 (Screw Down

Step Gable)

Color Explanations:

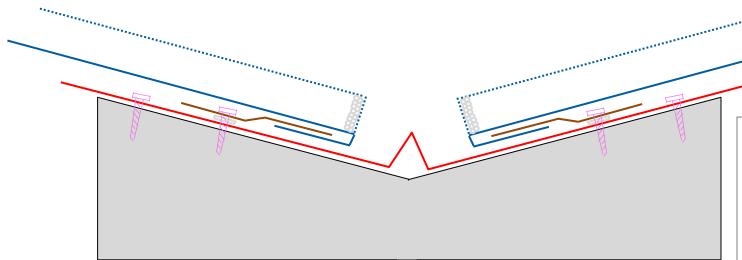
Panel Screw Down Step Gable Trim

Colored Screw Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

Panel goes down first, then the gable trim.

Valley Details for Standing Seam





<u>Valley Option 1</u> (<u>Using Offset Cleat</u>)

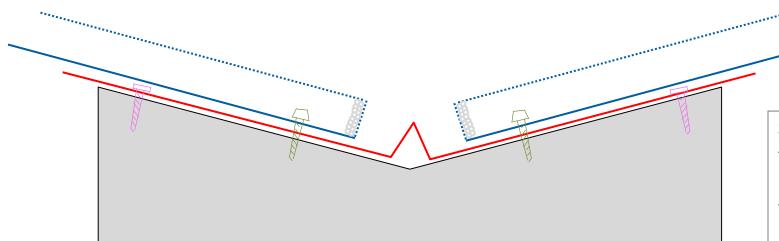
Color Explanations:

Panel Valley Tube Sealant

Offset Cleat Pancake Head Screw

from
measurements
for room to flow
between the
panel and the
valley "V"
diverter, but
add 1" to fold
around offset
cleat.

Valley goes down first, then the Offset Cleat, and finally the Panel ribs are cut off, and the flat part is hemmed around the Offset Cleat.



<u>Valley Option 2</u> <u>(Screw Down Valley)</u>

Color Explanations:

Panel Valley Tube Sealant

Colored Screw Pancake Head Screw

Valley goes down first, then the panels.

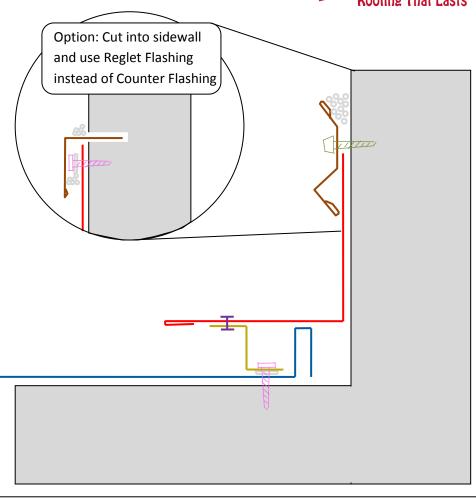
Subtract 3-4"
from
measurements
for room to flow
between the
panel and the
valley "V"
diverter.

Sidewall Details for Standing Seam



<u>Sidewall Option 1</u> (<u>Using Counter Flashing</u>)

Panel goes down first, then the z-channel, and then the sidewall flashing, then the counter flashing, and finally the tube sealant.



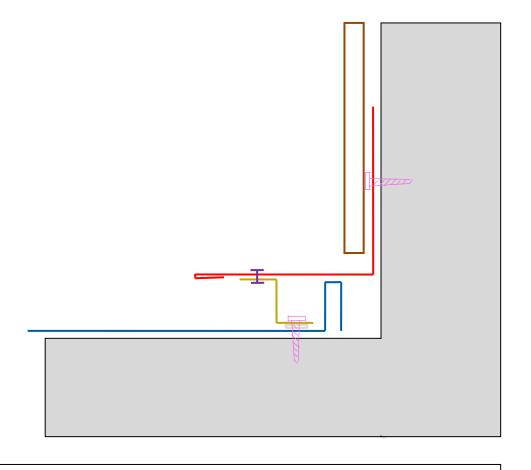
Color Explanations:

Panel Sidewall Flashing Counter Flashing Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

Z-Channel Colored Screw Pancake Head Screw Pop Rivet

<u>Sidewall Option 2</u> (<u>Under Siding Material</u>)

Panel goes down first, then the z-channel, and then the sidewall flashing, and finally the siding materials (by others).



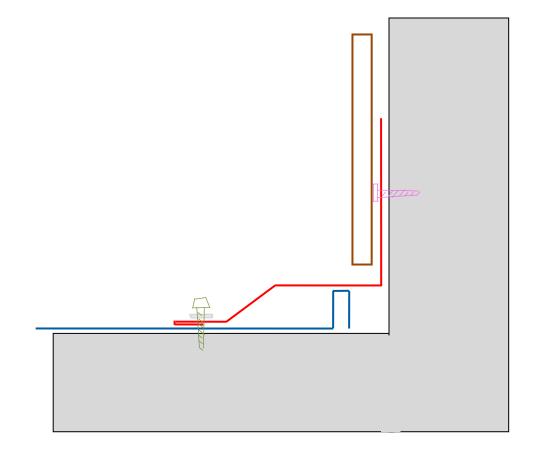
Color Explanations:

Panel Sidewall Flashing Siding Material (by others)

Z-Channel Pancake Head Screw Pop Rivet Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

Sidewall Option 3 (Screw Down Step Sidewall)

Panel goes down first, then the step sidewall flashing, and finally the siding materials (by others).



Color Explanations:

Panel Step Sidewall Flashing Siding Material (by others)

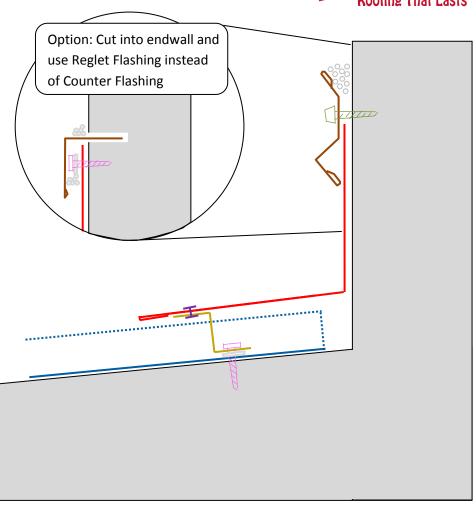
Pancake Head Screw Colored Screw Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

Endwall Details for Standing Seam



Endwall Option 1 (Using Counter Flashing)

Panel goes down first, then the z-channel, and then the endwall flashing, then the counter flashing, and finally the tube sealant.



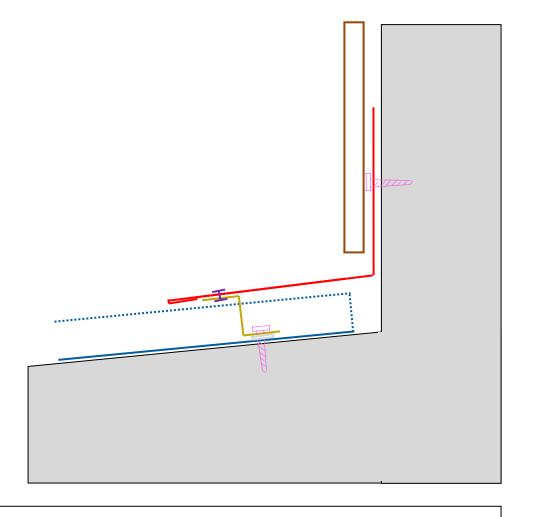
Color Explanations:

Panel Endwall Flashing Counter Flashing Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

Z-Channel Colored Screw Pancake Head Screw Pop Rivet

Endwall Option 2 (Using Siding Material)

Panel goes down first, then the z-channel, and then the endwall flashing, and finally the siding material (by others).



Color Explanations:

Panel Endwall Flashing Siding Material (by others)

Z-Channel Pancake Head Screw Pop Rivet Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

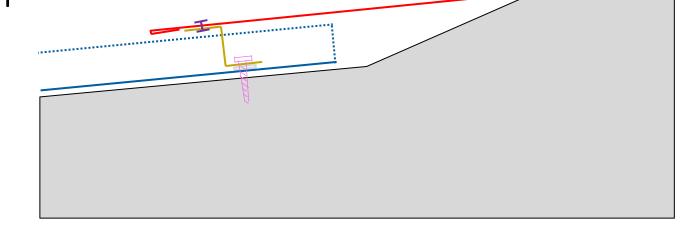
Transition Details for Standing Seam



Transition Option 1 (Hemmed)

Lower panel goes down first, then the z-channel, and then the transition flashing, then the offset cleat, finally the upper panel ribs are cut off, and the flat part is hemmed around the offset cleat.

As you can see here, the upper panels must be 2-6" shorter than the actual measurement, because you lose some room for the lower panels and the transition flashing. (The less difference between pitches, the shorter the panels will be). Be sure to add 1" to fold around offset cleat.



Color Explanations:

Panel Transition Flashing Offset Cleat Z-Channel
Pancake Head Screw Pop Rivet Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant

<u>Transition Option 2</u> (Exposed Screw)

Lower panel goes down first, then the z-channel, and then the transition flashing, then the offset cleat, finally the upper panels are put down, then a colored screw is installed at the transition.

As you can see here, the upper panels must be 2-6" shorter than the actual measurement, because you lose some room for the lower panels and the transition flashing. (The less difference between pitches, the shorter the panels will be).

Color Explanations:

Panel Transition Flashing Z-Channel Pop Rivet
Pancake Head Screw Colored Screw

Butyl Tape or Tube Sealant